



PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS of

OCEAN FEATURE NOMENCLATURE

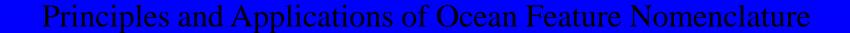
Michel HUET
International Hydrographic Bureau
MONACO

"Undersea feature" is a part of the ocean floor or seabed that has measurable relief or is delimited by relief

(Guidelines for the Standardization of Undersea Feature Names, IHO-IOC Publication B-6, 2001)

Generic name, e.g. seamount, canyon, fracture zone

Proper name, e.g. Albert de Monaco, Challenger, Gambia, Gauss



Need for:

- An uniform policy for the handling of undersea feature names;
- Standardisation of undersea feature names;

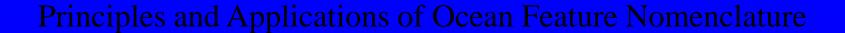
...in order to achieve consistent geographic naming on nautical charts and bathymetric maps.

Undersea Feature Names Terms and Definitions (Nomenclature)

- 8th Internatinal Geographical Congress, 1904
- IHO, 1924
- IHO-IOC, 1981
- IHO-IOC, 1988
- IHO-IOC, 2001

GEBCO SUB-COMMITTEE ON UNDERSA FEATURE NAMES (SCUFN)

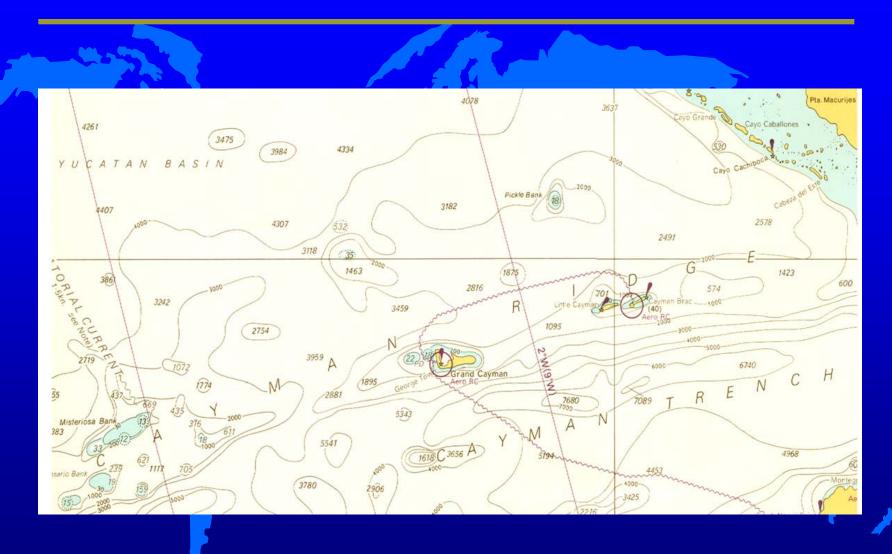
- Established in 1974 to oversee the standardization of seafloor topographic usage on GEBCO 5th edition sheets
- Scope extended to nautical charts (small scale INT charts) and sheets/products of all International Bathymetric Chart (IBC) projects
- Nomenclature and Gazetteer
- Marine geology; Geomorphology; Marine history; Oceanic hydrography/bathymetry

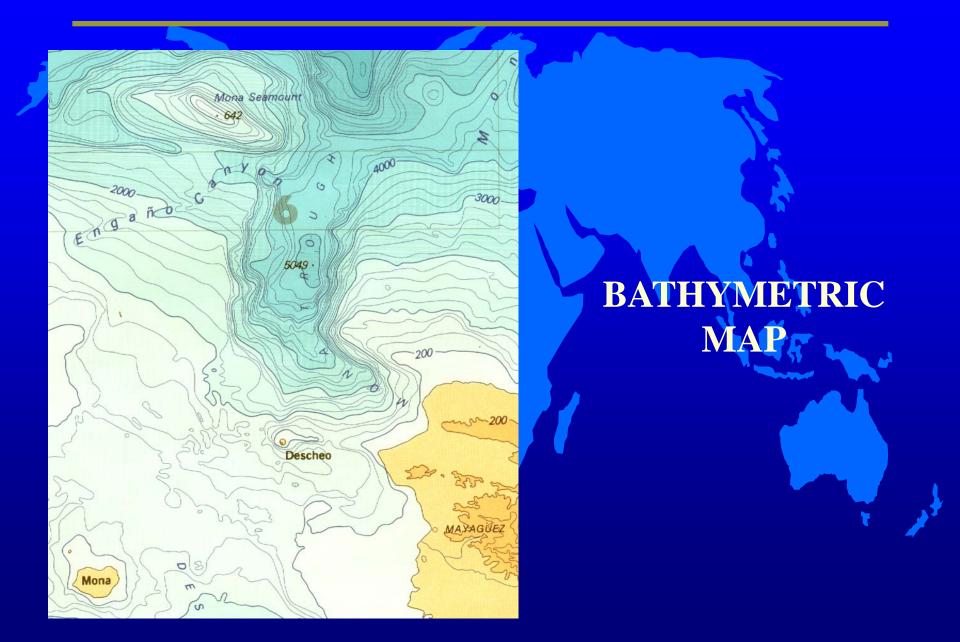


SCUFN's Liaisons

- Advisory Committee on Undersea Features (ACUF), of the US BGN
- UN Group of Experts on Geographical Names (UNGEGN)

"The Sub-Committee shall maintain close liaison with the UN Group of Experts on Geographical Names and national authorities concerned with the naming of undersea features" (SCUFN's Terms of Reference)





NOMENCLATURE

UNDERSEA FEATURE TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

SLOPE

The deepening sea floor out from the shelf-edge to the upper limit of the continental rise, or the point where there is a general decrease in steepness.

GUIDELINES

Some rules ...

- SCUFN work is limited to those features entirely or mainly (more than 50%) outside waters under the jurisdiction of states, i.e. outside territorial waters, usually limited to 12 miles from the straight baseline.
- When two names have been applied to the same feature, the older name generally should be accepted. When a single name has been applied to two different features, the feature named first generally should retain the name.

GUIDELINES

Some rules (cont.) ...

- The first choice of a specific term, where feasible, should be one associated with a geographical feature; e.g.: Aleutian Ridge, Peru-Chile Trench.
- Specific terms for other features can be used to commemorate ships, expeditions or scientific institutes, or to honour the memory of famous persons.
- Names of living persons should be limited to those who have made an outstanding or fundamental contribution to ocean sciences.

GEBCO GAZETTEER

Name: Bob Fisher

Feature: Ridge

Position: 43 45'S - 41 45'E to 36 00'S - 45 10'E to 41 30'S - 42 18'E

to 40 00'S - 43 08'E to 38 00'S - 43 50'E

Proposer: J. Sclater/A. Goodwillie, SIO, USA Date: 04/1998

Discoverer: Date:

History: Named after Dr. Robert L. Fisher, SIO, the most active contributor to GEBCO over the years, currently through his recontouring of the whole of the greater Indian Ocean, from 10 W to 165 E and south to Antarctica, and also his erudite leadership as Chairman of GEBCO-SCUFN.

Referenced: GEBCO 5.09

Accredited: SCUFN/13-06/1999

NOMENCLATURE and GUIDELINES

for submission of names

in IHO-IOC Publication B-6

« Standardisation of Undersea Feature Names »

available from

www.ngdc.gov/mgg/gebco/gebco.htm

English/French and English/Spanish

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

Undersea Feature Name Proposal Form

Available from GEBCO website

www.ngdc.gov/mgg/gebco/gebco.htm

Submit to Secretariat of SCUFN

International Hydrographic Bureau

<pac@ihb.mc>

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS (Cont) Main Criterias

- Supporting bathymetric evidence
- Reason for choice of name

 Discovery facts: date, ship, position and depth accuracy

SCUFN RULES OF PROCEDURES

- Meetings once a year
- Work by correspondence between meetings
- Decisions by consensus, as far as possible.
- Close collaboration with ACUF (of U.S. BGN)

GEBCO GAZETTEER

Name: ALCOCK

Feature: Rise

Position: 12 30'N - 94 40'E

Proposer: Dr.J.R. Curray, SIO, USA Date: 10/1993

Discoverer: HOE Ships Date: 00/1960

History: A. Alcock (UK) made marine studies in the late 1800s.

Author of "A Naturalist in Indian Seas", London, 1902.

His name was suggested for "Seamounts" by Rodolfo, 1969.

Referenced: GEBCO 5.05

Accredited: SCUFN/11-05/1995

GEBCO GAZETTEER

Gazetteer database maintained at the IHB

- 3300 names (March 2003)
- Available from GEBCO website as an Excel file
 - www.ngdc.gov/mgg/gebco/gebco.htm

SCUFN Secretariat: International Hydrographic Bureau

4 quai Antoine 1er, BP 445 MC98011 Monaco Cedex Principality of Monaco

Tel.: +377 93 10/81 04

Fax: +377 93 10 81 40

pac@ihb.mc

http://www.iho.shom.fr